

10/27/11

$$A_{exp} = \frac{\frac{N_+}{Q^+ t_D^+} - \frac{N_-}{Q^- t_D^-}}{\frac{N_+}{Q^+ t_D^+} + \frac{N_-}{Q^- t_D^-}}$$

Manjše kot je  $t_D$ ,  
manjši popravni  
procentujemo, torej  
je ta v reševu  
Line-Time!

Če predpostavimo, da je:  $Q^+ = Q^-$

Uveden  
 $t_D^+ \rightarrow T^+$

$$A_{exp} = \frac{\frac{N_+}{T^+} - \frac{N_-}{T^-}}{\frac{N_+}{T^+} + \frac{N_-}{T^-}}$$

$$\frac{T^+}{T^-} = 1 + \delta$$

$|\delta| \ll 1$   
↓

$$T^+ = T^- + \delta \cdot T^-$$

$$A_{exp} = \frac{\frac{N_+}{T^-(1+\delta)} - \frac{N_-}{T^-}}{\frac{N_+}{T^-(1+\delta)} + \frac{N_-}{T^-}} = \frac{\frac{N_+}{1+\delta} - N_-}{\frac{N_+}{1+\delta} + N_-} \approx \frac{N_+(1-\delta) - N_-}{N_+(1-\delta) + N_-}$$

$$= \left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{Predpostavimo, da se ta} \\ \text{razlika } (1-\delta) \text{ pozna} \\ \text{bistveno bolj v} \\ \text{števca, kjer delamo} \\ \text{razliko, kot v} \\ \text{imenilcu, kjer je} \\ \text{popravni minimalen} \end{array} \right] \approx \frac{N_+(1-\delta) - N_-}{N_+ + N_-} =$$

$$= \frac{N_+ - N_-}{N_+ + N_-} - \delta \cdot \frac{N_+}{N_+ + N_-} \approx \underbrace{A_{exp}^0}_{\text{ideal}} - \frac{\delta}{2}$$

Wzrost pociemnienia woda ze  $Q$ , bo  
 dalsze:  $\frac{Q^+}{Q^-} = 1 + \beta$ ;  $|\beta| \ll 1$

$$A_{exp} \approx A_{exp}^0 - \frac{\beta}{2}$$

Skupaj patem:

$$A_{exp} \approx A_{exp}^0 - \frac{\epsilon}{2} - \frac{\beta}{2}$$

V prouku vody, to papradku (rozmnogy)  
 nastupaju dvochle v asimulye!  
 $\Rightarrow$  kalkulace  $\frac{1}{2}$ !

Napake

$$Z = \left( \frac{T^+}{T^-} - 1 \right); \quad (\Delta Z)^2 = \left( \frac{dZ}{dT^+} \Delta T^+ \right)^2 + \left( \frac{dZ}{dT^-} \Delta T^- \right)^2$$

$$= \left( \frac{\Delta T^+}{T^-} \right)^2 + \left( \frac{T^+}{(T^-)^2} \Delta T^- \right)^2$$

$$T^+ \equiv | \text{Line time} | = \frac{N_{\text{coda}}^+}{N_{\text{scalar}}^+} \cdot h \quad \sqrt{\frac{PS}{\text{corr}}}$$

$$\Delta T^+ = h \cdot \sqrt{\left( \frac{\Delta N_{\text{coda}}^+}{N_{\text{scalar}}^+} \right)^2 + \left( \frac{N_{\text{coda}}^+}{N_{\text{scalar}}^{+2}} \Delta N_{\text{scalar}} \right)^2} =$$

$$= h \cdot \sqrt{\frac{\Delta N_{\text{coda}}^{+2} + N_{\text{coda}}^2 \frac{\Delta N_{\text{scalar}}^2}{N_{\text{scalar}}^2}}{N_{\text{scalar}}^{+2}}}$$

$$\Delta N_{\text{coder}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{N_{\text{coder}}}} ; \Delta N_{\text{scaler}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{N_{\text{scaler}}}}$$

$$\Delta T^+ = h \cdot \sqrt{\frac{\frac{1}{N_{\text{coder}}} + N_{\text{coder}}^2 \cdot \frac{1}{N_{\text{scaler}}^3}}{N_{\text{scaler}}^2}}$$

$$= \underbrace{h \cdot \frac{N_{\text{coder}}}{N_{\text{scaler}}}}_{\parallel} \sqrt{\frac{1}{N_{\text{coder}}^3} + \frac{1}{N_{\text{scaler}}^3}}$$

$$\Delta T(\pm) = \pm(\pm) \cdot \sqrt{\frac{1}{N_{\text{coder}}^3} + \frac{1}{N_{\text{scaler}}^3}}$$

$$\beta = \frac{Q^+}{Q^-} - 1$$

$$\Delta \beta = \sqrt{\left(\frac{d\beta}{dQ^+} \cdot \Delta Q^+\right)^2 + \left(\frac{d\beta}{dQ^-} \cdot \Delta Q^-\right)^2} =$$

$$= \sqrt{\left(\frac{\Delta Q^+}{Q^-}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{Q^+}{Q^{-2}} \Delta Q^-\right)^2}$$

$$Q^\pm = \frac{\text{BCM}^\pm - \text{time} \cdot \text{offset}}{\text{calibration}} = \left| \text{time} = \frac{\text{CC}}{1024} \right.$$

clock count  
↓  
CC

$$= \frac{\text{BCM}^\pm - \frac{\text{CC}}{1024} \cdot \text{offset}}{\text{calibration}}$$

$$\Delta Q = \sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{\text{calibration}} \cdot \Delta \text{BCM}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\text{offset}}{\text{calibration} \cdot 1024} \cdot \Delta \text{CC}\right)^2} =$$

$$= \frac{1}{\text{calibration}} \cdot \sqrt{(\Delta \text{BCM})^2 + \left(\frac{\text{offset}}{1024} \cdot \Delta \text{CC}\right)^2} =$$

$$\left| \Delta \text{BCM} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\text{BCM}}} \quad , \quad \Delta \text{CC} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\text{CC}}} \right| =$$

$$= \frac{1}{\text{calibration}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{\text{BCM}} + \frac{\text{offset}}{1024 \cdot \text{CC}}}$$

Also see  
the signals  
to let  
Hudson!  
To get the  
signals signals!